

Name:
Period:

Date:
Ideal Gas Law Homework #1

Directions: Use the Ideal Gas Law ($PV=nRT$) to solve each of the following.
 $R = 8.31 \text{ (L}\cdot\text{kPa)/(K}\cdot\text{mol)}$ or $0.082 \text{ (L}\cdot\text{atm)/(K}\cdot\text{mol)}$

1. Calculate the volume 3.00 moles of a gas will occupy at $24.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and 101.3 kPa .
2. How many moles of gas would be present in a gas trapped within a 100.0 mL vessel at $25.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ at a pressure of 2.50 atmospheres?
3. If the number of moles of a gas are doubled at the same temperature and pressure, will the volume increase or decrease?
4. At what pressure would 0.150 mole of nitrogen gas at $23.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ occupy 8.90 L ?
5. Find the volume of 2.40 mol of gas whose temperature is $50.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and whose pressure is 202 kPa .
6. How many moles of gas are contained in a 50.0 L cylinder at a pressure of 10100 kPa and a temperature of $35.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$?
7. Determine the number of grams of carbon dioxide in a 450.6 mL tank at 1.80 atm and minus $50.5\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Determine the number of grams of oxygen that the same container will contain under the same temperature and pressure.
8. A sample of argon gas at STP occupies 56.2 liters. Determine the number of moles of argon and the mass in the sample.
9. A 30.6 g sample of gas occupies 22.4 L at STP. What is the molecular weight of this gas? Think about it!!!!
10. How many moles of a gas would be present in a gas trapped within a 37.0 liter vessel at $80.00\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ at a pressure of 2.50 atm ?